



# The Fourth Industrial Revolution

## Summary Writing

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# Student

## Two types of lesson

### Lesson#1: [Easy] \*\*\*\*\* [B2/C1]

1. Predict the content of the text. Write down key terms & ideas.
2. Read the text & check words & meanings with a dictionary.
3. Identify the key points & support & complete the **outline**.
4. Write the summary – only one paragraph (200-250 words).
5. Check key points with the **completed outline & model answer**.
6. Answer critical thinking questions & check suggested answers.

### Lesson #2: [Hard] \*\*\*\*\* [C1]

1. Read the text – no dictionary.
2. Identify the key points and support.
3. Write the summary – only one paragraph (200-250 words).
4. Check key points with the **completed outline & model answer**.
5. Answer critical thinking questions & check suggested answers.

# Teacher

## Two types of lesson

### Lesson#1: [easy] \*\*\*\*\* [B2/C1]

1. Distribute text a week /day before the test. Students read, check vocabulary & meanings.
2. Test day – distribute a **new copy of text** and **summary question**.
3. Set 1 hour to read the text, take notes and write a one-paragraph summary of 200-250 words.
4. Feedback<sup>1</sup>: take in and mark [use correction code\*].
5. Feedback<sup>2</sup>: distribute **completed outline & model answer**.
6. Summary marking: Should contain at least 4 main ideas with support – see summary key points.
7. Extra: Critical thinking questions / group discussion (30 minutes).

### Lesson #2: [hard] \*\*\*\*\* [C1]

1. Set 1 hour to read the **text** and write a one-paragraph summary of 200-250 words.
3. Feedback<sup>1</sup>: take in and mark [use correction code\*].
4. Feedback<sup>2</sup>: distribute **completed outline & model answer**.
5. Summary Marking: Should contain at least 4 main ideas with support – see summary key points.
6. Extra: Answer critical thinking questions / group discussion (30 minutes).

Correction code\*: [www.academic-englishuk/error-correction](http://www.academic-englishuk/error-correction)

## The 4<sup>th</sup> Industrial Revolution

J Greenwood (2020)

Many experts believe that the world is currently undergoing a major change: the fourth industrial revolution (Industry 4.0). [redacted] Schwab (2016), is the [redacted] blurring the distinctions between the physical, digital and biological domains. An article from NICVA (2019: 4) [redacted] technologies to perform tasks previously carried out by humans, ranging from piloting vehicles to [redacted] and law". This wide-ranging description emphasises the impact of technology on people and the planet, and its increasing [redacted]. If the fourth industrial revolution is having such a profound impact on life as we know it, it is important to consider [redacted] revolutions.

Shank (2016) characterised the first as mechanisation: machines replacing animals and manual labour; [redacted]. Shank then identified the second as the mass production revolution, where mass-manufacturing using machines and new processes [redacted]. Shank finally recognised the third industrial revolution as occurring in the second half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century into the first half of the 21<sup>st</sup> century, where globalisation [redacted] by digital technology and the World Wide Web became ubiquitous. These definitions allow us to understand [redacted], is what impact the next industrial revolution will have on industry, the workforce and life.

It seems clear that industry 4.0 will bring opportunities. Xu et al. (2018) claim that a major shift that [redacted] will continue in the fourth: the dramatic shift in economies towards the knowledge worker. Xu et al. (2018) [redacted] two [redacted] and services were provided by the body; for example, food production, agriculture and the automotive industry. This meant a strong and healthy body was often a [redacted]. However, the increased capabilities of machines means that knowledge is now the most important asset a person can possess. This [redacted] for people with disabilities and less physically capable people as well as reducing the gender [redacted] asset for a large proportion of jobs. Opportunities may also lie in education. An article in the [redacted] (2018) claims that as education relies on forming complex relationships with a number of students, [redacted]. [redacted] technology to become more effective in their role.

There will also be challenges brought on by industry 4.0. Lee et al. (2019) claim that whilst [redacted], the increased effectiveness technology brings might mean less employees are needed to complete [redacted] in educators losing their jobs, it may result in less opportunities for graduates entering the job market. [redacted] 4.0 is in [redacted], regarding knowledge being the most important aspect for a worker to possess. Anderson (2012) highlights that the reduction of [redacted] due to new [redacted] platforms, speedy worldwide delivery and even the ability to create inventions quickly using [redacted] such as

entrepreneurs [redacted]; however, he also points out that in order to be a knowledge worker, a person must have access [redacted] labour, and a shift towards the need for knowledge, could lead to workers with limited access [redacted].

Industry 4.0 will impact different sectors in diverse ways. NICVA (2019) claims that sectors that involve [redacted], such as [redacted] and other personal services will see an increase in demand for workers. Conversely, the [redacted] that require repetitive physical action may need less workers, as technology becomes more [redacted] of the [redacted] is still in progress. Schwab (2016) argues that the responsibility of shaping the future lies with governments and policy makers. Schwab warns of a robotised humanity and a future [redacted]. Schwab claims that people must be prioritised over profits, so that creativity, empathy and all the desirable aspects of the [redacted]. It is entirely possible that industry 4.0 could have a positive impact on societies around the world, [redacted] proportion [redacted] efficiency from technology. It is up to governments, large corporations and even individuals [redacted].

### **References**

Anderson, C. (2012). *Makers: The New Industrial Revolution*. New York: Crown Publishing.

AOSIS. (2018) [redacted], *South African Journal of Science*, [redacted] (5-6) p. 1-10

Lee, Y., Moon, G.G. and Kwon, Y (2019) [redacted] *Industrial Revolution: Lessons and Implications for Korea's Higher Education Policy*, International [redacted]

NICVA. (2019) *The Impacts of the Fourth Industrial Revolution on Jobs and the Future of the Third Sector* [Online] [Accessed 15<sup>th</sup> April 2020]  
[https://www.nicva.org/sites/default/files/d7content/the\\_4th\\_industrial\\_revolution.pdf](https://www.nicva.org/sites/default/files/d7content/the_4th_industrial_revolution.pdf)

Schwab, K. (2016) *The Fourth Industrial Revolution*: [redacted] [Online] [Accessed 15<sup>th</sup> April 2020] <https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2016/01/the-fourth-industrial-revolution.pdf>

Shank, P. (2016) 2025: [redacted]? Association for Talent Development [Online] [Accessed 15<sup>th</sup> April 2020] <https://www.td.org/insights/2025-how-will-your-job-change>

Xu, M. David, J.M and Kim, S.H. (2018) *The Fourth Industrial Revolution: Opportunities and Challenges*, [redacted]

**Outline: summary note-taking**  
Take notes on the key points of the article.

1. Main idea:
Support:
2. Main idea:
Support:
3. Main idea:
Support:
4. Main idea:
Support:
5. Main idea:
Support:

**Summary Key Points ANSWERS**

A good summary should have at least 4 main ideas and 1-2 points of support for each main idea.

<p><b>1. Main idea: Background of the fourth industrial revolution</b></p>
<p>Support:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The fourth industrial revolution (Industry 4.0) [redacted] (Greenwood, 2020).</li> <li>• [redacted] (Schwab, 2016).</li> <li>• Automation (NICVA, 2019) = tasks completed with min. hum. interven.</li> <li>• To understand industry [redacted] (Greenwood, 2020).</li> </ul>
<p><b>2. Main idea: The first three [redacted]</b></p>
<p>Support:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The first revolution: mechanisation - [redacted].</li> <li>• The second: mass production - new machines &amp; processes revolutionized manufacturing.</li> <li>• The third: [redacted] (Shank, 2016).</li> <li>• The fourth: impact on business &amp; indivs – unknown ([redacted]).</li> </ul>
<p><b>3. Main idea: Industry 4.0 – [redacted]</b></p>
<p>Support:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• [redacted] worker ([redacted]).</li> <li>• More opps. for disabled &amp; less physically capable people.</li> <li>• More opps. in edu. as staff will work with [redacted] their effectiveness [redacted]</li> </ul>
<p><b>4. Main idea: Industry 4.0 – [redacted]</b></p>
<p>Support:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• As tech. [redacted] Lee et al., 2019).</li> <li>• Less opps for graduates (Greenwood, 2020).</li> <li>• Knowledge-[redacted] = indivs with [redacted] Greenwood, 2020).</li> </ul>
<p><b>5. Main idea: Changes to employment structures</b></p>
<p>Support:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Industry 4.0 – [redacted] (NICVA, 2019).</li> <li>• Sectors = repetitive physical action will decrease.</li> <li>• Sectors = [redacted]</li> <li>• Future = uncertain - industry 4.0 = still developing (Greenwood, 2020).</li> <li>• [redacted] makers [redacted] (Schwab, 2016).</li> </ul>

## Summary

**Task:** Write a 200-250 word summary on the key elements of the text.

Word Count: \_\_\_\_\_

## **The Fourth Industrial Revolution - Model Summary**

According to Greenwood (2020), Industry 4.0 is changing people's lives in that the digital and real [redacted] (Schwab, 2016). One change is automation (NICVA, 2019) where tasks are [redacted]. Greenwood [redacted] understand industry 4.0, the first three revolutions need to be revisited. As Shank (2016) explains, [redacted] manual labour and [redacted]. The second was mass production where new machines and processes revolutionized [redacted] development of digital systems and computerization. The fourth, as pointed out by Xue et al. (2018), [redacted]. This could result in more job opportunities, especially in education, as AI [redacted]). However, Lee et al. (2019) warn of a reduction in labour due to the efficiency of technology, and, [redacted] on employment structures with sectors that require repetitive physical action [redacted]-forming relationships [redacted] Schwab (2016) argues that it is policy makers and governments who are responsible for how the future unfolds.

228 words

### **Critical Thinking Questions**

i) What's the stance of the author? What is the evidence for this?

[2 points]

ii) Is this a credible article? Yes /no – why?

[2 points]

iii) Highlight four ideas in the text you would use for an essay on 'How will industry 4.0 impact peoples' lives?'

[4 points]

iv) Highlight two areas in the text that you question, disagree with or lack evidence

[2 points]

### Critical Thinking Questions

i) What's the stance of the author? What is the evidence for this?

*The author believes that industry 4.0 could improve most people's lives in terms of job opportunities and more free time; however, he is concerned about the people who do not have access to...*

[2 points]

ii) Is this a credible article? Yes /no – why?

*Yes, it is credible with a good range of*

[2 points]

iii) Highlight four ideas in the text you would use for an essay on 'How will industry 4.0 impact peoples' lives?'

*P1: Definition: "The fusion of technologies blurring the distinctions between the physical, digital and biological domains" (Schwab, 2016).*

*P1: "Taking automation to new levels, [...] and using..."*

**ALL ANSWERS ARE INCLUDED IN PAID VERSION...**

[4 points]

iv) Highlight two areas in the text that you question, disagree with or lack evidence

*P1: Many experts believe that the world is currently undergoing a major change: the fourth industrial revolution (industry 4.0). Aren't we almost at the end of industry 4.0? Aren't we going into the 5<sup>th</sup> industrial revolution (industry 5.0 or 5IR)?*

*P1: Using technologies to perform tasks previously carried out by humans.....'rules-based' jobs in areas such as accounting and law' How does this work in law?...*

**ALL ANSWERS ARE INCLUDED IN PAID VERSION...**

[Any 2 of these – this is obviously subjective so accept any credible student answer].

[2 points]